



Section 1. Identification

Product name

: Chemwax 304

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

: +1 517 546 4520

Release Agent

Supplier's details

: Chem-Trend LP 1445 W McPherson Park Dr PO Box 860, Howell MI 48844-0860 517-546-4520



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Emergency telephone number and Telephone number

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 26.8%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Combustible liquid. Flammable solid. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly

after handling.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Aliphatic solvent2 Petroleum oil	≥50 - <75 ≥10 - <25	-

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed				
Potential acute health	effects			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.			

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : Car Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : Adv pair watered Inhalation : Adv Inhalation : Adv Inhalation : Adv Skin contact : Adv Ingestion : No state Indication of immediate medical attered qua Specific treatments : No state Protection of first-aiders : No state	asures		
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qua Specific treatments : No Protection of first-aiders : No sus	ention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Protection of first-aiders : No a sus	eat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large antities have been ingested or inhaled.		
sus	specific treatment.		
	action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is spected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or f-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to e mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.			
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
Aliphatic solvent2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.		
Petroleum oil	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.		
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection meas	<u>ires</u>		
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should b worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differen glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task bein performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the saf working limits of the selected respirator.		

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Physical state	Liquid.	Color	Tan.		
Odor	Hydrocarbon.	Odor threshold	Not available.		
рН	Not available.	Melting point	Not available.		
Boiling point	191°C (375.8°F)	Flash point	Closed cup: 71°C (159.8°F) [Pensky-Martens]		
Burning time	Not applicable.	Burning rate	Not applicable.		
Evaporation rate	<1 (butyl acetate = 1)	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not available.	Vapor pressure	0.024 kPa (0.18 mm Hg) [room temperature]		
Vapor density	>1 [Air = 1]	Relative density	0.82		
Solubility	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.	Solubility in water	Not available.		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.	Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	SADT	Not available.		
Viscosity	Not available.	Volatility	62		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limitsDistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated lightLower: 0.6% Upper: 5.5%					

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
: Causes serious eye in	ritation. Causes skin irrit	tation.	
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
	LD50 Oral Causes serious eye in No known significant e No known significant e No known significant e No known significant e	LD50 Oral Rat : Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irrit : No known significant effects or critical hazards : No known significant effects or critical hazards	LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg : Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Target organs
Aliphatic solvent2	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Aliphatic solvent2	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	÷	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
••••		

Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	Ingestion
Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	No specific data.

<u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute	toxicity	<u>estimates</u>

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (vapors)	12.9 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

RCRA classification : Not applicable

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	Bulk	TDG Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325	UN1325
UN proper shipping name	Flammable solids, organic, n.o.s. (Aliphatic solvent2)	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.(Aliphatic solvent2)	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Aliphatic solvent2)	Flammable solid, organic, n.o.s. (Aliphatic solvent2)	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Aliphatic solvent2)
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Section 14.	Transport ir	nformation			
Transport hazard class(es)	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
Packing group	11	П	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 15 kg Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 50 kg Special provisions A1, IB8, IP2, IP4, T3, TP1		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 ERAP Index 1000 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 15 Special provisions 16	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 15 kg Packaging instructions: 445 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 50 kg Packaging instructions: 448 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 kg Packaging instructions: Y441 Special provisions A3	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-G Special provisions 274, 915

Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG): 133

Section 15. Regulatory information

International lists :

Australia inventory (AICS)	All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)	All components are listed or exempted.	
China inventory (IECSC)	All components are listed or exempted.	
Europe inventory (EINECS)	All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan inventory	Not determined.	
Korea inventory (KECI)	All components are listed or exempted.	
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Not determined.	
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	All components are listed or exempted.	
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Section 15. Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Not applicable.

<u>SARA 302/304</u>		
Composition/information	on ingredients	
No products were found.		
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.	
<u>SARA 311/312</u>		
Classification	: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard	
<u>Canada</u>		
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).	
State regulations		
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.	
New York	: None of the components are listed.	
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Petroleum oil	
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.	
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined	

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)			
Health: 1	Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 0 Personal protection Code : H		
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)			
Health: 1	Flammability : 1 Instability/Reactivity : 0 Special : -		
<u>History</u>			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/2/2015.		
Date of previous issu	e : 5/4/2015.		
Version	: 1.08		
Prepared by	: Chem-Trend Regulatory Affairs Department.		
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations 		
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.			
Notice to reader			

Section 16. Other information

Information presented herein has been compiled from information provided to us by our suppliers and other sources considered to be dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief but is not guaranteed to be so. Nothing herein is to be construed as recommending any practice or the use of any product in violation of any patent or in violation of any law or regulation. It is the users' responsibility to determine the suitability of any material for a specific purpose and to adopt such safety precautions as may be necessary. We make no warranty as to the results to be obtained in using any material and, since conditions of use are not under our control, we must necessarily disclaim all liability with respect to the use of any material supplied by us.